Maternal Health Statistics and Policies

KANSAS FACT SHEET

Maternal mortality

Maternal mortality ratio
2019
37 per 100,000 births

Racial-ethnic minorities people in Kansas are **1.6x more likely** to die from pregnancy-related causes compared to white people.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>White people</th>
<th>Racial-ethnic minorities</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 per 100,000 births</td>
<td>8 per 100,000 births</td>
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Maternal mortality of pregnancy-related deaths in Kansas occur postpartum:

- 1 to 42 days postpartum: 54%
- 43+ days postpartum: 23%
- Antepartum or intrapartum: 23%

Kansas Medicaid income eligibility thresholds

% of Federal Poverty Level

- Low-income parents: 38%
- Low-income adults: 0%
- Pregnant women: 171%
- Children: 240%

Key Medicaid policies and other initiatives adopted by Kansas to promote maternal-child health

- ACA Medicaid expansion
  - Not adopted
- Medicaid unborn child option
  - Not adopted
- State maternal mortality review committee
  - Active
- State perinatal quality collaborative
  - Active
- Postpartum uninsurance rate for Medicaid births: 25.8%

References:
1 CDC 2019  2 CDC 2019  3 Kansas Maternal Mortality Review Committee 2016-18  4 KFF 2021  5 KFF 2021  6 Guttmacher 2021  7 CDC 2021  8 Daw 2021. This work is undertaken as part of the Columbia World Project Leveraging Policy to Improve Maternal Health in the Fourth Trimester/Columbia University.